

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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JESUS VIVAR HERRERA, individually and on behalf of all
others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

**COLLECTIVE ACTION
COMPLAINT**

-against-

ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO and
SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC., and ILYA ZAVOLUNOV
and JASON RODRIGUEZ, as individuals,

JURY TRIAL
REQUESTED

Defendants.

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Plaintiff **JESUS VIVAR HERRERA**, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated (hereinafter referred to as “Plaintiff”) by his attorneys at Helen F. Dalton & Associates, P.C., alleges, upon personal knowledge as to himself and upon information and belief as to other matters, as follows:

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. Plaintiff, through undersigned counsel, bring this action against **ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO and SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC., and ILYA ZAVOLUNOV and JASON RODRIGUEZ, as individuals**, (collectively hereinafter, “Defendants”) to recover damages for Defendants’ egregious violations of state and federal wage and hour laws arising out of Plaintiff’s employment with the Defendants located at 79-17 Albion Ave., Queens, NY 11373.
2. As a result of the violations of Federal and New York State labor laws delineated below, Plaintiff seeks compensatory damages and liquidated damages. Plaintiff also seeks interest, attorneys’ fees, costs, and all other legal and equitable remedies this Court deems appropriate.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

3. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over Plaintiff's federal claims pursuant to the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §216 and 28 U.S.C. §1331.
4. This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over Plaintiff's other state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367.
5. Venue is proper in the EASTERN District of New York pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391(b) because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims herein occurred in this judicial district.
6. This Court is empowered to issue a declaratory judgment pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§2201 & 2202.

THE PARTIES

7. Plaintiff JESUS VIVAR HERRERA residing at Jackson Heights, NY 11373 was employed by ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO, from in or around February 2021 until in or around January 2022.
8. Upon information and belief, Defendant ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO, is a New York domestic business corporation, organized under the laws of the State of New York with principal executive offices located at 79-17 Albion Ave., Queens, NY 11373.
9. Upon information and belief, Defendant SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC., is a New York domestic business corporation, organized under the laws of the State of New York with principal executive offices located at 108-27 41st Avenue, Corona, NY 11368.
10. Upon information and belief, Defendant ILYA ZAVOLUNOV is the owner of ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO.
11. Upon information and belief, Defendant ILYA ZAVOLUNOV is an agent of ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO.
12. Upon information and belief, Defendant ILYA ZAVOLUNOV is responsible for overseeing the daily operations of ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO.
13. Upon information and belief, ILYA ZAVOLUNOV has power and authority over all the final personnel decisions of ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO.

14. Upon information and belief, ILYA ZAVOLUNOV has the power and authority over all final payroll decisions of ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO, including the Plaintiff.
15. Upon information and belief, ILYA ZAVOLUNOV has the exclusive final power to hire the employees of ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO, including the Plaintiff.
16. Upon information and belief, ILYA ZAVOLUNOV has exclusive final power over the firing and terminating of the employees of ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO, including Plaintiff.
17. Upon information and belief, ILYA ZAVOLUNOV is responsible for determining, establishing, and paying the wages of all employees of ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO, including the Plaintiff, setting their work schedules, and maintaining all their employment records of the business.
18. Accordingly, at all relevant times hereto, Defendant ILYA ZAVOLUNOV was Plaintiff's employer within the meaning and the intent of the FLSA, and the NYLL.
19. Upon information and belief, Defendant JASON RODRIGUEZ is the owner of SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC.
20. Upon information and belief, Defendant JASON RODRIGUEZ is an agent of SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC.
21. Upon information and belief, Defendant JASON RODRIGUEZ is responsible for overseeing the daily operations of SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC.
22. Upon information and belief, JASON RODRIGUEZ has power and authority over all the final personnel decisions of SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC.
23. Upon information and belief, JASON RODRIGUEZ has the power and authority over all final payroll decisions of SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC, including the Plaintiff.
24. Upon information and belief, JASON RODRIGUEZ has the exclusive final power to hire the employees of SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC, including the Plaintiff.
25. Upon information and belief, JASON RODRIGUEZ has exclusive final power over the firing and terminating of the employees of SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC., including Plaintiff.

26. Upon information and belief, JASON RODRIGUEZ is responsible for determining, establishing, and paying the wages of all employees of SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC., including the Plaintiff, setting their work schedules, and maintaining all their employment records of the business.
27. Accordingly, at all relevant times hereto, Defendant JASON RODRIGUEZ was Plaintiff's employer within the meaning and the intent of the FLSA, and the NYLL.
28. At all times relevant hereto, Defendants acted as a single employer in general and a joint employer with respect to Plaintiff, as Defendants held out Plaintiff as employee of both ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO and SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC.
29. Both Corporate entities jointly employed Plaintiff and were jointly responsible for paying Plaintiff, setting Plaintiff's schedule, supervising Plaintiff's work, and instructing Plaintiff what duties he was to perform while working.
30. The Corporate entities functioned as a single integrated enterprise during Plaintiff's employment by Defendants.
31. At all times relevant to the allegations contained in the complaint, Corporate Defendants were, and are, enterprises engaged in interstate commerce within the meaning of the FLSA in that ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO and SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC., (i) have purchased goods, tools, and supplies for its business through the streams and channels of interstate commerce, and has had employees engaged in interstate commerce, and/ or in the production of goods intended for commerce, and handle, sell and otherwise work with goods and material that have been moved in or produced for commerce by any person: and (ii) have had annual gross volume of sales of not less than \$500,000.00.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

32. Plaintiff JESUS VIVAR HERRERA was employed by ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO and SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC. as a parking attendant and valet while performing related miscellaneous duties for the Defendants, from in or around February 2021 until in or around January 2022.

33. Plaintiff JESUS VIVAR HERRERA regularly worked, on average, five (5) days per week during his employment with the Defendants.
34. Plaintiff JESUS VIVAR HERRERA regularly worked a schedule of shift beginning at approximately 5:00 p.m. each workday and regularly ending at approximately 3:00 a.m. or later from in or around February 2021 until in or around January 2022.
35. Thus, Plaintiff was regularly required to work approximately fifty (50) hours each week from in or around February 2021 until in or around January 2022.
36. Plaintiff JESUS VIVAR HERRERA was paid by Defendants a flat daily rate of approximately \$50.00 per day for all hours worked from in or around February 2021 until in or around January 2022.
37. As such, Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff JESUS VIVAR HERRERA the legally prescribed minimum wage for his hours worked from in or around February 2021 until in or around January 2022, a blatant violation of the minimum wage provisions contained in the FLSA and NYLL.
38. Further, although Plaintiff regularly worked fifty (50) hours or more hours each week from in or around February 2021 until in or around January 2022, the Defendants did not pay Plaintiff at a wage rate of time and a half (1.5) for his hours regularly worked over forty (40) hours in a work week, a blatant violation of the overtime provisions contained in the FLSA and NYLL.
39. Upon information and belief, Defendants willfully failed to post notices of the minimum wage and overtime wage requirements in a conspicuous place at the location of their employment as required by both the NYLL and the FLSA.
40. Upon information and belief, Defendants willfully failed to keep payroll records as required by both NYLL and the FLSA.
41. Additionally, Defendants willfully failed to provide Plaintiff with a written notice, in English, of his applicable regular rate of pay, regular pay day, and all such information as required by NYLL §195(1).
42. Upon information and belief, Defendants willfully failed to provide Plaintiff with any wage statements, upon each payment of his wages, as required by NYLL §195(3).
43. As a result of these violations of Federal and New York State labor laws, Plaintiff seeks compensatory damages and liquidated damages. Plaintiff also seeks statutory interest,

attorneys' fees, costs, and all other legal and equitable remedies this Court deems appropriate.

COLLECTIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

44. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself, and other employees similarly situated as authorized under the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 216(b). The employees similarly situated are hereafter, the "Collective Class."
45. Collective Class: All persons who are or have been employed by the Defendants as parking attendants or valets or any other similarly titled personnel with substantially similar job requirements and pay provisions, who were performing the same sort of functions for Defendants, other than the executive and management positions, who have been subject to Defendants' common practices, policies, programs, procedures, protocols and plans including willfully failing and refusing to pay required overtime wages.
46. Upon information and belief, Defendants employed approximately 10 to 20 employees or more during the relevant statutory period who Defendants subject(ed) to similar unlawful payment structures that violated applicable law.
47. Defendants suffered and permitted Plaintiff - and the Collective Class - to regularly work more than forty hours per week without appropriate overtime compensation and compensated Plaintiff - and the Collective Class - below the applicable federal minimum wage rate.
48. Defendants' unlawful conduct herein has been widespread, repeated, and consistent.
49. Defendants had knowledge that the Plaintiff and the Collective Class regularly performed work requiring overtime pay.
50. Defendants' conduct as set forth in this Complaint, was willful and in bad faith - and has caused significant damages to Plaintiff, as well as the Collective Class.
51. Defendants are liable under the FLSA for failing to properly compensate Plaintiff, and the Collective Class, and as such, notice should be sent to the Collective Class. There are numerous similarly situated current and former employees of Defendants who have been denied overtime pay and proper minimum wage pay in violation of the FLSA and NYLL, who would benefit from the issuance of a Court-supervised notice of the present

lawsuit, and the opportunity to join the present lawsuit. Those similarly situated employees are known to Defendants and are readily identifiable through Defendants' records.

52. The questions of law and fact common to the putative class predominate over any questions affecting only individual members.
53. The claims of Plaintiff are typical of the claims of the whole putative class.
54. Plaintiff and his counsel will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the putative class.
55. A collective action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Overtime Wages Under The Fair Labor Standards Act

56. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.
57. Plaintiff has consented in writing to be a party to this action, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216(b) *et seq.*
58. At all times relevant to this action, Plaintiff was engaged in interstate commerce and/or was engaged in the production of goods for/through the channels of interstate commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§206(a) and 207(a), *et seq.*
59. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants were employers engaged in commerce or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§206(a) and 207(a).
60. Defendants willfully failed to pay Plaintiff's overtime wages for all hours regularly worked in excess of forty (40) hours per week at a wage rate of one and a half (1.5) times the regular wage, to which Plaintiff was entitled under 29 U.S.C. §§206(a) in violation of 29 U.S.C. §207(a)(1).
61. Defendants' violations of the FLSA as described in this Complaint have been willful and intentional. Defendants have not made any good faith effort to comply with their obligations under the FLSA with respect to the compensation of the Plaintiffs.

62. Due to Defendants' FLSA violations, Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendants, jointly and severally, his unpaid wages and an equal amount in the form of liquidated damages, as well as reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of the action, including interest, pursuant to the FLSA, specifically 29 U.S.C. §216(b).

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Overtime Wages Under New York Labor Law

63. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

64. At all times relevant to this action, Plaintiff was employed by Defendants within the meaning of New York Labor Law §§2 and 651.

65. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff's overtime wages for hours worked in excess of forty hours per week at a wage rate of one and a half (1.5) times the regular wage to which Plaintiffs were entitled under New York Labor Law §652, in violation of 12 N.Y.C.R.R. 137-1.3, *et seq.*

66. Due to Defendants' New York Labor Law violations, Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendants, jointly and severally, their unpaid overtime wages and an amount equal to their unpaid overtime wages in the form of liquidated damages, as well as reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of the action, including interest in accordance with NY Labor Law §198(1-a).

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

Minimum Wages Under The Fair Labor Standards Act

67. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.

68. Plaintiff has consented in writing to be a party to this action, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216(b).

69. At all times relevant to this action, Plaintiff was engaged in commerce or the production of services and goods for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§206(a) and 207(a).

70. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants were employers engaged in commerce or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. §§206(a) and 207(a).
71. Defendants willfully failed to pay Plaintiff a minimum wage in accordance with 29 U.S.C. §§201, 202 and 203.
72. Defendants' violations of the FLSA, as described in this Complaint have been willful and intentional.
73. Defendants have not made a good faith effort to comply with the FLSA with respect to the Plaintiffs' compensation.
74. Due to Defendants' FLSA violations, Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendants, jointly and severally, her unpaid minimum wages and an equal amount in the form of liquidated damages, as well as reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of the action including interest, pursuant to the FLSA, specifically 29 U.S.C. §216(b).

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION
Minimum Wages Under New York Labor Law

75. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.
76. At all times relevant to this action, Plaintiff was employed by Defendants within the meaning of NYLL §§2 and 651.
77. At all times relevant to this action, Defendants were employers within the meaning of NYLL.
78. Defendants failed to record, credit or compensate Plaintiff the applicable minimum hourly wage, in violation of the New York Minimum Wage Act, specifically NYLL §652.
79. Defendants also failed to pay Plaintiff the required minimum wage, which Plaintiff were entitled under NYLL §652, in violation of 12 N. Y. C. R. R. 137-1.3.
80. Due to Defendants' NYLL violations, Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendants, jointly and severally, her unpaid minimum wages and an amount equal to their unpaid minimum wages in the form of liquidated damages, as well as reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of the action, including interest in accordance with NYLL §198 (1-a).

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Violation of the Wage Statement Requirements of the New York Labor Law

81. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.
82. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff with wage statements, upon each payment of his wages, as required by NYLL §195(3).
83. Defendants are liable to Plaintiff in the amount of \$5,000 together with costs and attorneys' fees.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Violation of the Notice and Recordkeeping Requirements of the New York Labor Law

84. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates by reference all allegations in all preceding paragraphs.
85. Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff with a written notice, in English and in Spanish (Plaintiffs' primary language), of their rate of pay, regular pay day, and such other information as required by NYLL §195(1).
86. Defendants are liable to Plaintiffs in the amount of \$5,000 per Plaintiff, together with costs and attorneys' fees.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff respectfully request that judgment be granted:

- a. Declaring Defendants' conduct complained herein to be in violation of the Plaintiff's rights under the FLSA, the New York Labor Law, and its regulations;
- b. Awarding Plaintiff's unpaid overtime wages;
- c. Awarding Plaintiff's unpaid minimum wages;
- d. Awarding Plaintiff liquidated damages pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216 and New York Labor Law §§198(1-a), 663(1);
- e. Awarding Plaintiffs prejudgment and post-judgment interest;
- f. Awarding Plaintiff the costs of this action together with reasonable attorneys' fees; together with such further relief as this court deems necessary and proper.

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all questions of fact raised by the complaint.

Dated: December 21, 2022
Kew Gardens, NY

Roman Avshalumov

Roman Avshalumov (RA 5508)
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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

JESUS VIVAR HERRERA, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

-against-

ALBION VENUE LLC d/b/a DA MIKELE ILLAGIO and SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC.,
ILYA ZAVOLUNOV and JASON RODRIGUEZ, as individuals,

Defendants,

COLLECTIVE ACTION COMPLAINT

Jury Trial Demanded

HELEN F. DALTON & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

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To:

via Secretary of State and Personal Service:

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SKYLINE VALET PARKING INC. (DOS ID# 3435473)

108-27 41st Avenue, Corona, NY 11368

ILYA ZAVOLUNOV

79-17 Albion Ave., Queens, NY 11373

JASON RODRIGUEZ

108-27 41st Avenue, Corona, NY 11368